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FRINTON AND WALTON
URBAN DISTRICT
COUNCIL

ANNUAL REPORT

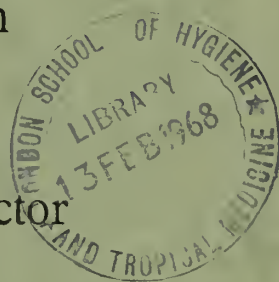
of the

Medical Officer of Health


and

Chief Public Health Inspector

for 1962



THE ANNUAL REPORT
OF THE
MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH
AND
CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR
FOR 1962



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FRINTON AND WALTON URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

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Vice-Chairman of the Council

H. A. GIRT

PUBLIC HEALTH AND HOUSING COMMITTEE

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Mrs. Richard Gray

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Public Health and Housing
Committee

Estates and Works
Committee

Town Planning and Byelaws
Committee

Caravan Sites (Licensing)
Committee

PUBLIC HEALTH OFFICERS

R. A. STENHOUSE, L.M.S.S.A. (Lon.), R.C.P & S., F.R.I.P.H.H.,
D.P.H. Medical Officer of Health.

J. GRAY, M.A.P.H.I., Cert.R.S.I. and S.I.E. Jt. Board,
Cert. R.S.I. Meat and Foods.
Chief Public Health Inspector.

J. P. RUDD, A.R.S.H., M.A.P.H.I., Cert. P.H.I.E. Board,
Cert. R.S.H. Meat and Foods.
Additional Public Health Inspector.

MISS D. CRANE,

Typist/Clerical Assistant.

FRINTON AND WALTON URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

Telephone:
Frinton 582.

Public Health Department,
The Council House,
Frinton-on-Sea.

July, 1963.

To the Chairman and Members of the
Frinton and Walton Urban District Council.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present the Annual Report on the state of Public Health in the Urban District of Frinton and Walton for the year 1962. The Report includes that of the Chief Public Health Inspector for the same period.

There were fifty three cases of infectious disease notified during the year, which included only three cases of dysentery and six of food poisoning. No cases of whooping cough were notified; and the state of the public health in the district remains satisfactory as before.

The immunisation of infants and young children in the County Clinics continues at a satisfactory level, although the figure for vaccination against smallpox is lower as this procedure is now recommended to take place up to the second year of life, instead of during the first twelve months.

During the early months of the year when the outbreak of smallpox occurred in Yorkshire, measures were taken to ensure that persons coming from the infected area to convalescent homes in the district should be notified to the Health Department.

With the arrival of the Additional Public Health Inspector on 18th June, 1962, need has been greatly felt for the provision of larger office accommodation; and indeed with regard to other departments in the Council House where conditions have become congested owing to staff increases the need for expansion is also felt, so that it is hoped the plan for a prefabricated annexe to be placed on the site to the south of the Council House will be proceeded with in due course.

The work of the Public Health Department has expanded with the additional Inspector, and as a result, greater control can now be exercised, for example, over food premises, a most important feature of the work of the Department, and with the growth of the district a long felt requirement has at last been fulfilled.

Progress is being made with the Walton Sewerage Scheme, and it is hoped the Stage 2 will be commenced in the near future. The existing sewage disposal arrangements have continued to function with satisfaction, but overloading of the Kirby Works from time to time, results in a nuisance occurring in the nearby stream due to overflow of crude effluent. The increasing difficulties encountered in connexion with the overflow of cesspits are referred to elsewhere in this report.

Camping and caravan sites in the district have been maintained at the required standards and kept under constant observation by the Public Health Staff.

The North Street development plan in Walton has been further considered following a recommendation to the Council by the Chief Public Health Inspector, and it is hoped that the plan will be put into operation in the near future, thereby forming a nucleus for the future development of the town.

I would like, in conclusion, to express my gratitude to the Council, the Public Health Committee; and Officers of Council for their co-operation and advice during the year and to the Staff of the Public Health Department my thanks for their excellent work.

I am,

Your obedient Servant,

R. A. STENHOUSE,

Medical Officer of Health.

STATISTICAL MEMORANDUM

Urban District of	...	Frinton and Walton	
Area in acres	...	...	6,293
Population,			
1961 Census	...	...	9,571
1962 Registrar General's estimate	...	...	9,550
Density of estimated population per acre	...	...	1.52
Rateable value	...	...	£189,311
Sum represented by a penny rate	...	...	£751
Number of inhabited houses (estimate)	...	...	4,150
Total live births	...	...	101
Crude birth rate	...	...	10.6
Corrected birth rate	...	...	11.7
Birth rate (England and Wales)	...	...	18.0
Number of illegitimate births	...	...	4
Percentage of total births	...	...	4.0
Total live and still births	...	...	101
Total still births	...	...	-
Still birth rate	...	...	-
Still birth rate (England and Wales)	...	...	18.1
Total deaths	...	...	200
Crude death rate	...	...	20.9
Corrected death rate	...	...	16.1
Death rate (England and Wales)	...	...	11.9
Death of infants under 1 year of age	...	...	2
Infant mortality rate	...	...	19.8
Infant mortality rate (England and Wales)	...	...	21.4
Infant mortality rate -- legitimate	...	...	20.6
Infant mortality rate -- illegitimate	...	...	-
Neo-natal mortality rate	...	...	19.8
Early neo-natal mortality rate	...	...	19.8
Perinatal Mortality rate	...	...	19.8
Maternal deaths	...	...	-
Maternal mortality rate	...	...	-
Cancer deaths	...	...	40
Tuberculosis deaths	...	...	-

VITAL STATISTICS

The Registrar General's 1962 estimate shows that the population has increased since last year by 540 based on the estimate for 1961.

The birth rate has decreased to 11.7 which is some six points below the national figure. The infantile mortality rate is lower again this year at 19.8 which is lower than the national level. This figure tends to fluctuate considerably from year to year owing to the birth rate being well below the national average.

The death rate at 16.1 is higher and therefore over four points above the national figure, reflecting the above average number of old people residing in the district.

LIVE BIRTHS DURING 1962

	Male	Female	Total
Legitimate	47	50	97
Illegitimate	4	-	4
	<hr/> 51	<hr/> 50	<hr/> 101

DEATHS AT VARIOUS AGES DURING 1962.

Under 1 year	2
1 and under 5 years	1
5 and under 15 years	-
15 and under 25 years	3
25 and under 45 years	1
45 and under 65 years	31
65 and under 75 years	55
75 and upwards	107
	<hr/> 200

CAUSES OF DEATH DURING 1962 (R.G.)

		Male	Female	Total
Pulmonary Tuberculosis	...	-	-	-
Meningococcal Infection	...	1	-	1
Cancer	...	18	22	40
Leukaemia	...	-	1	1
Diabetes	...	2	1	3
Vascular lesions of nervous system		10	20	30
Heart disease	...	32	33	65
Other circulatory disease	...	4	5	9
Influenza	...	1	2	3
Pneumonia	...	4	5	9
Bronchitis	...	1	4	5
Other diseases of respiratory system		3	1	4
Ulcer of stomach and Duodenum		1	-	1
Gastritis, enteritis and diarrhoea		-	1	1
Nephritis and Nephrosis	...	1	2	3
Hyperplasia of Prostate	...	2	-	2
Congenital malformations	...	1	-	1
Other defined and ill-defined diseases		3	12	15
Motor Vehicle Accidents	...	2	1	3
All other accidents	...	1	1	2
Suicide	...	1	1	2
		88	112	200

PREVENTION AND CONTROL OF INFECTIOUS AND OTHER DISEASES

Disease	Total Cases Notified	Cases admitted to Hospital	Total Deaths
Meningococcal Infection	1	1	1
Measles	32	-	-
Pneumonia	1	-	-
Scarlet Fever	6	-	-
Food Poisoning	6	2	-
Tuberculosis	4	-	-
Dysentery	3	-	-
	53	3	1

IMMUNISATIONS IN 1962

DIPHTHERIA

Age	Primary Course	Re-enforcing Injections
0 - 5	142	14
5 - 15	14	45

WHOOPING COUGH

0 - 5	117	4
5 - 15	4	12

POLIOMYELITIS

Age	Primary Course	Third Injection	Fourth Injection
0 - 5	48	125	-
5 - 15	6	22	115
15 - 26	4	60	-
over 26	4	195	-

TUBERCULOSIS

There were four cases of Tuberculosis notified and no deaths occurred during the year 1962.

Notifications and deaths from Tuberculosis since 1959:-

Year	New Cases	Deaths
1959	-	-
1960	3	1
1961	3	1
1962	4	-

The following figures give the number of cases on the Register at the end of 1962:-

Respiratory Male	18	Non-Respiratory Male	1
Respiratory Female	5	Non-Respiratory Female	1
	<hr/>		<hr/>
	23		2
	<hr/>		<hr/>

Total cases: 25.

NATIONAL ASSISTANCE ACT, 1948

NATIONAL ASSISTANCE (AMENDMENT) ACT, 1951

No formal action was necessary during 1962. Informal arrangements were made for one aged person to be admitted to hospital, and for the Health Visitor to regularly visit three aged persons. In addition, the position of three aged persons were referred to the Local Old People's Welfare Committee.

FOOD POISONING OUTBREAKS

Total number of Out-breaks	Number of Cases	Number of Deaths	Organisms or other agents responsible with number of outbreaks attributable to each.	Food involved with number of outbreaks associated with each food.
2	6	-	Unknown	Grilled Chicken 1 Unknown 1

LABORATORY INVESTIGATIONS OF WATER, FOOD, ETC.

(a) WATER Bacteriological Examination
Satisfactory. Unsatisfactory.

Tendring Hundred Waterworks		
Company's Supply	6	-
Kirby-le-Soken Supply	3	-
Private Sources	18	2

(b) MILK

Pasteurised T.T.	2	-
Pasteurised	3	-
Sterilised	1	-
Machine Cleansed Milk Bottles	6	Fairly satisfactory *

* New bottle-washing plant subsequently provided.

(c) FOOD

Ham	1	Satisfactory.
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(d) ICE-CREAM AND LOLLIES

Ministry of Health - Provisional Grading

	Grade I	Grade III
Ice-cream	10	6
Lollies	5	satisfactory

	Positive	Negative
(e) FAECAL SPECIMENS	-	8
(f) URINE SPECIMENS	-	1
(g) NASAL SPECIMENS	3	11
(h) THROAT SPECIMENS	3	11

SANITARY ADMINISTRATION

During the latter part of 1962, improved surveillance over matters affecting the sanitary welfare of residents was made possible, following the appointment in June of a qualified additional Public Health Inspector. The appointment was necessary not only to maintain a satisfactory service to the public having regard to the rapid development taking place in the area, but also because of the additional work arising as a result of the continuous flow of new legislation concerned with public health.

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA

WATER SUPPLY

Water is supplied to the Urban District from the Dedham Pumping Station of the Tendring Hundred Waterworks Company. Subsidiary sources at Lawford assist the supply during the summer peak period.

During 1962, 204.250 million gallons of water were supplied, giving an average daily consumption of 0.523 million gallons, with a peak of 0.871 million gallons per day.

Domestic consumption was 169.843 million gallons, an average daily consumption of 0.465 million gallons. Trade meters recorded 34.427 million gallons, an average daily consumption of 0.094 million gallons.

Domestic and trade connections to the mains during the year totalled 99.

Approximately 2,186 yards of new mains of 3" and 4" diameter were laid in the area.

The water is regularly sampled at source by the Company, analyses being carried out by the Counties Public Health Laboratories. Specimen remarks of analysis are appended.

"These samples are practically clear and bright in appearance, have a reaction on the alkaline side of neutrality and are free from metals apart from a minute trace of iron. The water is hard in character, but its content of mineral and saline constituents in solution are not excessive. It conforms to the highest standard of organic quality and bacterial purity. These results are indicative of a water which is pure and wholesome in character and suitable for public supply purposes."

Satisfactory bacteriological findings were reported by the Laboratory on samples of the water obtained during the year by the Public Health Department of the Council, from points covering all parts of the area.

Although mains water is available, a few cottagers in Kirby-le-Soken prefer to rely on a private water supply the source of which is an underground stream. The supply, a gift to the Village by the Squire nearly one hundred years ago, is piped to a number of points in the main street of the Village and provides a water which is satisfactory in both quality and quantity.

Private wells supplies are kept under observation and the water sampled from time to time. Some 18 houses, situated in isolated parts of the rural area where mains water is not available, are served by wells.

The approximate number of dwelling-houses supplied by public water mains is:-

	Houses	Population (est.)
A. Direct to houses	4,060	9,956
B. Standpipes	90	265

SANITARY ADMINISTRATION

The following is a synopsis of the principal work carried out during 1962:-

Inspections (Public Health and Housing Acts)	780
Other Inspections	910
Informal Notices served	129
Informal Notices complied with	140
Formal Notices served	9
Formal Notices complied with	9

The following are the Principal Improvements obtained:-

HOUSING

Roofs repaired	...	12
Gutters and spouting, repaired or renewed		12
Chimney stacks re-built	...	2
Chimney stacks repaired	...	3
Wall Brickwork repaired	...	9
Walls damp proofed	...	11
Walls linings, internal, provided		10

Floors repaired or renewed	...	9
Wallplaster repaired	...	14
Ceilings repaired or renewed	...	8
Door and window repairs and renewals		16
Larder improvements	...	8
Kitchens rehabilitated	...	3
Kitchen sinks renewed	...	4
Rooms cleansed	...	11
Rooms redecorated	...	14
Staircase, external, renewed	...	1
Fire escapes provided to block of flats		2
Wash basins, with hot and cold water, provided		4

In additional to the above improvements, 3 houses were completely rehabilitated during the year, 1 unfit house was demolished and 4 unfit houses were closed for habitation, as a result of formal or informal action taken.

DRAINAGE

Drainage systems repaired and improved		17
Drainage systems renewed, in part		5
Drains unblocked and cleansed	...	27
Drainage cesspits cleansed	...	103
Drainage cesspits improved	...	7
Sewage sumps cleansed	...	6
Drainage ditches cleansed	...	9

CLOSETS

W. C. accommodation repaired and improved		19
W. C. accommodation re-built	...	3
New sanitary fittings provided	...	14
Toilet blocks built	...	3

YARD PAVING

Concrete yard surfaces provided	...	2
Yard surfaces repaired and drained		4

DUSTBINS

Defective dustbins renewed	...	116
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NUISANCES

Animal nuisances abated	...	7
Insect nuisances abated	...	24
Rubbish accumulations removed	...	14
Stagnant water nuisances abated	...	1
Overgrown land cleared	...	2
Stables cleansed	...	2
Rooms disinfested	...	2

WATER SUPPLY

Wells cleansed	...	5
Well brickwork repaired	...	2
Wells, new covers provided	...	2
Storage tanks cleansed	...	4

FOOD PREMISES

Wall and ceiling improvements	...	6
Rooms redecorated throughout	...	8
Lighting and ventilation improved		1
New equipment provided	...	5
Staff clothing lockers provided	...	1
Impervious food table tops provided		6
Staff sanitary accommodation improved		1
First-aid outfits provided	...	4
Miscellaneous improvements	...	16

COMPOST

It was decided to defer consideration of proposals for the expansion of compost production, pending receipt of the Consulting Engineer's Report for the improvement of the Kirby-le-Soken Sewage Works where a small experimental compost plant is in operation.

PORT SANITATION

No action was required during 1962 under the Port Sanitary Regulations.

VERMIN, MOTH ETC.

Rooms and contents fumigated	9
Caravans and contents fumigated	5
Bedding steam disinfected	1 lot
Articles destroyed	11 lots

MOSQUITO DESTRUCTION

Spraying of mass breeding areas with Larvicide is carried out as necessary at appropriate times of the year. No large scale treatments by the Council were required during 1962. Larvicide is made available to local residents, at a small charge, for the treatment of minor breeding areas on private land.

DISINFECTIONS

Rooms and contents fumigated	11
Caravans and contents fumigated	3
Bedding and clothing destroyed	5 lots

RIVERS AND STREAM POLLUTION

It is anticipated that proposals, under preparation by the Council's Consulting Engineers, for the improvement of the Kirby-le-Soken Sewage Works will when implemented prevent further pollution of the Kirby Stream which remained in very unsatisfactory condition during the whole of 1962.

SHOPS ACT, 1950.

Workers are employed in local shops under conditions which are considered to be generally satisfactory. During the year, some 104 visits of inspection were made of shops of all categories. All matters calling for attention were

rectified when brought to the notice of managements. Defects found related to minor disrepair, decorations, ventilation and condition of sanitary conveniences.

RODENT CONTROL

No special difficulties arose in connection with rat and mouse control and destruction. All complaints received were investigated and treatments arranged. Surveys and treatments were carried out regularly in respect of a few localised areas known to be subject to some infestation. Most of the farms were visited. A free service is offered to householders, but a charge is made for the destruction of rats and mice in business premises.

Council undertakings were regularly treated during the year, particular attention being given to sewerage systems, sewage works, refuse disposal site, cliffs and hut sites.

CARAVAN SITES

The 9 licensed caravan sites in the Urban District have a total accommodation for 1,617 caravans. All are seasonal camps, and with one exception are provided with modern water borne sanitation. The sanitary circumstances of sites are controlled by site licence conditions, and no cause for serious complaint was found during numerous site inspections carried out during the year under review.

Refuse removal is carried out regularly by the Council at the expense of site occupiers.

As a result of action taken under the Town and Country Planning Act, 1947, the use of two sites having accommodation for a total of 96 caravans will be discontinued after October, 1963.

DRAINAGE

Brief particulars of drainage improvements are set out in Page 12.

It is unfortunate that new houses are still permitted to be erected in unsewered parts of the rural area, as inevitable drainage difficulties arise due to the impervious

nature of the heavy clay subsoil. Contents of drainage cesspits overflow or are pumped by householders over land which offers little or no soakage, and ultimately leads to unauthorized connection with adjacent ditches in order to carry away overflow wastes. In consequence, land and ditches often over wide areas become foul and offensive, leading to complaints of nuisance conditions. Considerable time is occupied by the Department in endeavouring to secure improvements which can be often only of a temporary nature in the absence of a permanent alternative, or a costly cesspit emptying service at frequent intervals.

Drainage cesspits were required to receive only kitchen sink wastes in earlier years, and the quantity of such wastes was voluntarily controlled as householders had then to fetch and carry water for all purposes from well and standpipe water supplies often located some distance away. The position to-day is very different. Modern houses have baths, basins and kitchen sinks each unit being provided with running water, as well as water-closets, and the quantity of wastes for disposal is very considerable.

Every new house erected with cesspit drainage is likely to aggravate already difficult conditions, unless it is made certain in advance that the site is capable and adequate for drainage purposes.

SEWERAGE AND SEWAGE DISPOSAL

Work was commenced on Stage 1 - new trunk sewers in the Hall Lane and Churchfield Road areas of Walton-on-Naze - of the Council's comprehensive sewerage scheme, and was well advanced at the end of 1962.

Stage 2 proposals, which include new full treatment sewage disposal plant at Walton-on-Naze, were awaiting Ministerial approval following the acquisition of the site. Approval was also awaited for proposals in connection with temporary sewage disposal works at Holland.

HOUSING

INSPECTION

Total number of houses inspected for housing defects under Housing or Public Health Acts	181
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HOUSING ACTS

Houses demolished	1
Houses closed	2
Undertakings not to re-let for human habitation	4
Houses rehabilitated on Undertakings	3
Houses inspected for overcrowding or permitted numbers	7

REPAIRS

Unfit houses rendered fit and houses in which defects were remedied as a result of -

(a) Formal action, Housing Acts	4
(b) Formal action, Public Health Acts	4
(c) Informal action, Public Health and Housing Acts	81

NEW HOUSES ERECTED DURING 1962

	Commenced	Completed
By the Council	-	6
By Private Enterprise	222	186

COUNCIL HOUSING SITES

Two three-bedroom houses, and four two-bedroom old peoples flats, were completed and occupied early in the year at Kirby Cross. A further scheme for the erection of 16 Council dwellings in Great Holland has been prepared, and work should be commenced in early 1963.

Council houses erected since 1946	154
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The disposition and number of Council dwellings is as follows:-

	Houses	Bungalows	Flats
Frinton-on-Sea	17	-	-
Walton-on-Naze	100	10	1
Kirby Cross	68	8	4
Lower Kirby	24	-	-
Great Holland	18	-	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
	227	18	5
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

Total 250.

Council dwellings are inspected from time to time to ensure that tenancy conditions are complied with. Arrangements were made during the year for local voluntary organizations to undertake garden maintenance at a few dwellings occupied by elderly persons who, because of infirmity or restricted means, were unable themselves to do so.

INADEQUATELY HOUSED FAMILIES

Sixteen families were re-housed in Council houses and flats during the year. The number of applicants on the Waiting Lists for Council dwellings at the end of the year, was 60 for houses and 57 for bungalows and flats. It should be particularly noted that the number of applicants for old peoples bungalows and flats is steadily increasing.

IMPROVEMENT GRANTS

During 1962, 19 applications were approved for Standard Grants in respect of 20 dwellings, and 6 applications for Discretionary Grants in respect of 11 dwellings.

Towards the end of the year the Department commenced a drive to secure a substantial increase in the number of old houses being improved and modernized, and landlords of many such properties were made aware of grants available towards such improvements. In addition to normal publicity measures, personal contact was established with property owners and in consequence of action being taken it is hoped that an increased number of old but structurally sound houses will be improved and made more comfortable during 1963.

FOOD

Premises	Number	Inspections
Grocers and Provision Merchants	31	41
Restaurants	30	149
Hotels and Guest Houses	27	21
Seasonal Refreshment Kiosks	12	38
School Canteens	5	3
Workshop Canteens	1	1
Clubs, etc.	11	5
Butchers	11	113
Bakeries and Cake Shops	13	82
Wet Fish Shops	7	18
Fried Fish Shops	4	18
Dairy	1	4
Milk Shops	15	15
Food Hawkers	3	9
Greengrocers and Fruiterers	14	8
Confectioners	17	13
Ice-cream	82	73
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	284	611

REGISTRATION OF FOOD PREPARATION PREMISES

The number of food premises registered with the Council under the Food and Drugs Act or the Essex County Council Act is as follows:-

Ice-cream, sale	83
Shell-fish, preparation	1
Fried Fish Shops	4
Sausage and Preserved Meats, preparation	22

INSPECTION OF MEAT AND OTHER FOODS

The bulk of butchers meat supplied to the area is obtained from Wholesale Suppliers. There are no licensed slaughterhouses in the District. Regular inspections are made of meat, and of other foodstuffs under preparation and offered for sale. During 1962, the following foods were found to be unfit for consumption and condemned.

Food	Weight
Meat	46 lbs.
Fruit	107 lbs.
Fish	30 lbs.
Cheese	12 lbs.
Foods, miscellaneous	26 lbs.

MILK SUPPLY

There is one registered Dairy in Frinton-on-Sea, the building, plant and equipment being satisfactory. A new bottle-washing machine was installed during the year, following informal action by the Department. Arrangements in the Dairy for the pasteurization and handling of milk are adequate, and milk distribution is carried out under satisfactory conditions. Milk consumed in the Urban District is obtained from local dairy farms, as well as Dairy Companies having premises outside of the area.

There are 18 registered distributors of milk.

ICE CREAM

Pre-packed ice-cream is sold under satisfactory conditions by 82 registered vendors. Following some initial difficulties connected with the use and cleansing arrangements of new type of plant, the preparation of soft-mix ice-cream of a satisfactory bacteriological standard is now general in the District.

BAKEHOUSES

The 8 bakehouses received some 39 inspectional visits, and a number of improvements to premises, plant and arrangements were carried out following informal action. There are no underground bakehouses in the area.

PUBLIC CLEANSING

REFUSE COLLECTION

Domestic refuse is collected weekly from all dwelling-houses, and removed for disposal by modern rear-loading motor vehicles. Three vehicles are engaged in the work all the year round and an additional vehicle is used during the seasonal holiday period to assist in the work. Trade refuse is removed by arrangement.

Under the Council's dustbins scheme, 102 new sanitary dustbins were provided in replacement of defective bins at dwelling-houses. 14 new dustbins were provided by householders following informal action.

REFUSE DISPOSAL

The disposal of refuse is carried out by controlled tipping, and some incineration, on land at Maltings Lane, Kirby-le-Soken. Anti-rodent and insect treatments are regularly undertaken.

STREET CLEANSING

Nearly 16 miles of district roads are regularly scavenged by a Lewin Mechanical Sweeping Machine, and by hand sweeping, the more important roads being swept daily. Some 12½ miles of classified roads are also cleansed by the Council, in arrangement with the Essex County Council. Street gullies are cleansed regularly by mechanical means under contract.

PUBLIC CONVENIENCES

In Walton-on-Naze, major reconstruction and additions to public conveniences facing the Pier were completed during the year, and improvements to male conveniences were commenced at Eastcliff. An approved scheme for additions to the Southcliff conveniences was further deferred until the end of the 1963 season.

Cloakroom facilities, including wash and brush-up arrangements, are available in all the principal conveniences, and free hand-washing facilities are being generally extended wherever found possible.

FACTORIES ACTS, 1937 and 1948

PART I OF THE ACT

1. Inspections for purposes of provisions as to health.

Premises (1)	Number on Reg- ister (2)	Number of Inspec- tions (3)	Written Notices (4)	Occupi- ers prose- cuted (5)
(i) Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities.	23	21	2	-
(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority.	57	29	2	-
(iii) Other Premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out-worker's premises)	-	-	-	-
Totals:	80	50	4	-

2. Cases in which defects were found.

(If defects are discovered at the premises on two, three or more separate occasions they should be reckoned as two, three or more "cases".)

Particulars (1)	Number of cases in which defects were found				Number of cases in which prosecutions were instituted (6)
	Found (2)	Remedied (3)	To H.M. Inspector (4)	Referred By H.M. Inspector (5)	
Want of Cleanliness (S.1.)	3	3	-	-	-
Overcrowding (S.2.)	-	-	-	-	-
Unreasonable temperature (S.3.)	-	-	-	-	-
Inadequate ventilation (S.4.)	-	-	-	-	-
Ineffective drainage of floors (S.6)	-	-	-	-	-
Sanitary Conveniences (S.7)					
(a)					
Insufficient	8	9	-	1	-
(b)					
Unsuitable or Defective	2	2	-	-	-
(c)					
Not separate for sexes	-	-	-	-	-
Other offences against the Act (not including offences relating to Outwork)	-	-	-	-	-
Totals:	13	14	-	1	-

PART VIII OF THE ACT

OUTWORK (Sections 110 and 111)

Nature of work	Section 110			Section 111
	Number of Out- workers in August list required by Section 110 (1) (c)	Number of cases of default in sending lists to the Council	Number of prosecutions for failure to supply lists	Number of instances of work in unwholesome premises
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Wearing Apparel, Making etc.	3	-	-	-

The premises were inspected and found to be in a satisfactory condition.